

NATIVE AMERICAN HISTORY MONTH

Trivia

from the
POARCH CREEK INDIANS

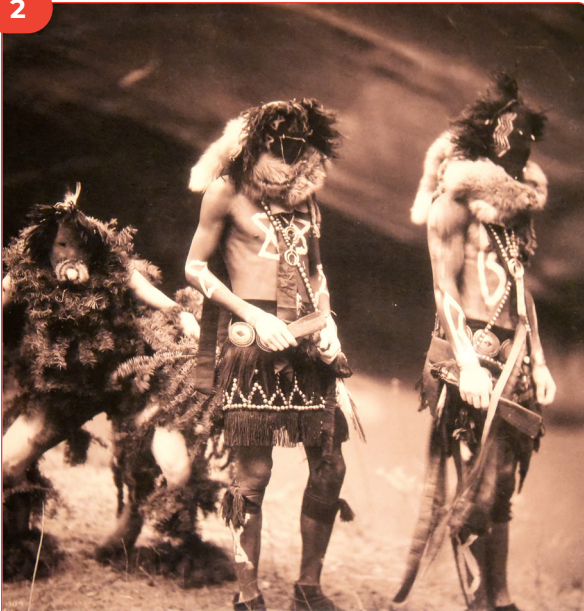
GENERAL QUESTIONS

1

When is Native American Heritage Month celebrated?

- a. January
- b. July
- c. September
- d. November

2



Which Native American tribe is the largest in the U.S. by enrollment?

- a. Apache
- b. Navajo
- c. Sioux
- d. Cherokee

3



Which Native American became the first Woman elected as Principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation and was instrumental in Native American rights, as well as women's rights?

- a. Pocahontas
- b. Sarah Winnemucca
- c. Sacagawea
- d. Wilma Mankiller

4

Which U.S. state has the largest population of Native Americans?

- a. California
- b. Oklahoma
- c. New Mexico
- d. South Dakota

5



The Navajo people call themselves Dine`, which in their languages translates to?

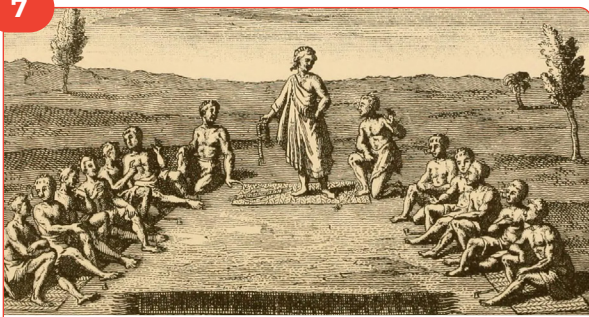
- a. The People
- b. The People of the Hickory Leaf
- c. The People of the Wetlands
- d. The People of the Highlands

6

Which act, passed in 1887, aimed to assimilate Native Americans into white culture by distributing reservation land to individual households?

- a. Indian Citizenship Act
- b. Native American Rights Act
- c. Dawes Act
- d. Indian Removal Act

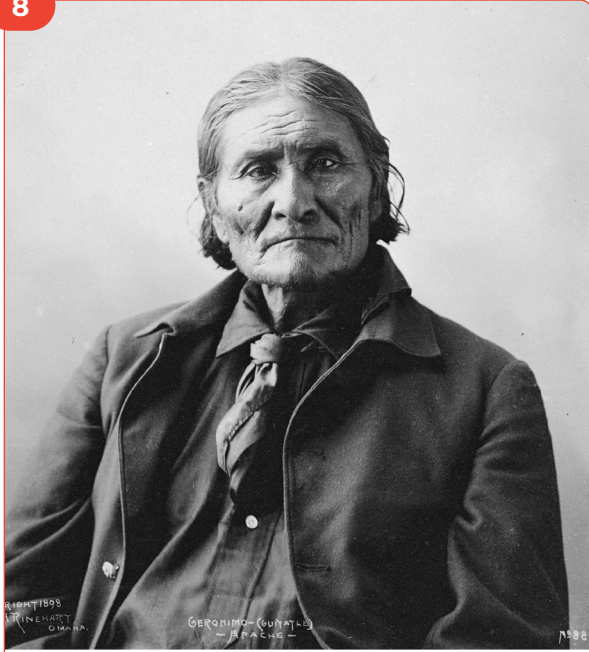
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What is the Iroquois Confederacy also known as?

- a. Six Nations
- b. Trail of Tears
- c. The Long Walk
- d. The Big Five

8



Which Native American was known as the "Apache Warrior" who resisted U.S. forces in the Southwest for over two decades?

- a. Sitting Bull
- b. Crazy Horse
- c. Red Cloud
- d. Geronimo

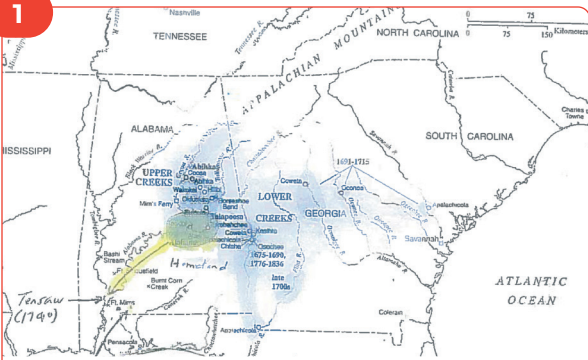
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Which traditional Native American gathering involves singing, dancing, and honoring of cultures?

- a. Sweat Lodge
- b. Sun dance
- c. Potlatch
- d. Pow Wow

1



Where did the historic Muskogee Creeks originally inhabit prior to 1836?

- a. Great Plains
- b. American Southwest
- c. Southeastern United States
- d. Pacific Northwest

2

To which state were many of the Creek peoples relocated during the Indian Removal of the 1830s?

- a. California
- b. Florida
- c. Oklahoma
- d. Texas

3



The Creek Wars of 1813-1814 began as a?

- a. Creek Civil War
- b. Seminole War
- c. Battle at Horseshoe Bend
- d. Battle at Wounded Knee

4

What is the name of the Tribe that is the only Federally Recognized Tribe in the State of Alabama?

- a. Mississippi Band of Choctaw
- b. Poarch Creek Indians
- c. Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians
- d. Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida

5



What type of government structure did the Creek Nation have historically?

- a. Monarchy
- B. Confederacy of Towns
- C. Single Centralized Government
- D. No Structured Government

6

What was the Creek name for themselves?

- a. Ogeechee
- b. Ocmulgee
- c. Mvskoke
- d. Oconee

7



The Creeks' primary ceremony is the "Green Corn Ceremony." What did this ceremony principally celebrate?

- a. Victory in Battle
- b. Harvest and Renewal
- c. Marriage Alliances
- d. Winter Solstice

9



Which historic Creek leader was legally executed for violating Creek Law by signing the controversial Treaty of Indian Springs?

- a. Menawa
- b. Osceola
- c. Opothleyahola
- d. William McIntosh

8



Concluding the war of 1813-1814, the Treaty of Fort Jackson was signed forcing the Creeks to cede _____ in the Mississippi Territory, much of it in present-day central and South Alabama, as well as in southern Georgia, to the United States.

- a. More Than 21 Million Acres of Land
- b. More Than 21 Thousand Acres of Land
- c. More Than 21 hundred Acres of Land
- d. More Than 21 Acres of Land